Rural housing – a frozen market? Søren Q. Eliasen, Nordregio

Based on:

Rural housing challenges in the Nordic Region. Eliasen, Vestergård, Sigurjonsdottir, Turunen and Penje, Nordregio report 2020:7

Breaking the downward spiral. Funch, Nordregio Policy Brief 2020:4



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Content

- **1.** Project background
- 2. The challenges a frozen market?
- 3. Examples of mitigation- thawing measures Public (state) loans Municipal activities and Bottom up Other findings – rentals



The project

- Initiated by the Nordic Council of Ministers. The Rural development group under the Committee of Senior Officials for Regional Policy
- Desk research, interviews with officials at national level incl. autonomous areas.
- 5 case-studies municipalities with rural challenges and examples of mitigation activities.



The challenge: Dynamic development in rural areas

Main trend – urbanisation Local growth areas New needs due to ageing population, immigration etc.

Stjernberg M. 2019: Population Change Dynamics in Nordic Municipalities. Nordregio





The financial gap – a cold market

Low market prices: C. cost >> market value

Mortgage level = 80 % market value

Financial gap= Cost of construction - Mortgage level



Model: egen og Kr. Henriksen, NCM

Frozen market? Rural effects

- Empty, decaying houses sad impression
- Financial barriers to move internally- or into the rural areas
 - Lack of housing for new needs in rural areas
 - Rural- interested persons wanting to try out are excluded or trapped
- No capital generation in the rural houses
 - -The house cannot function as your pension fund
 - -Nor as security for loan for start up, new economic activities etc.

Non market values

Low market prices: C. cost >> market value

Mortgage level = 80 % market value

Financial gap = Cost of construction - Mortgage level

Non market values = Cost of construction - Market value



Model: egen og Kr. Henriksen, NCM

Hierarchy of choice of residence





Model: Ruud et al 2014.

Examples of mitigation measures

Based on interviews and case studies

- Public measures in relation to the financial gap
- Local municipal steps for mitigating the housing challenge
- Differentiated housing needs



Public measures reg financial gap

Examples of measures directed towards rural areas Supply-side *Reduction of housing stock – demolition of houses (DK), and apartments (F) **Demand-side** *General investment subsidies for construction for e.g. elderly or youth *State "top-up loan" addressing loan need over the 80 % of market value *Top-up loan/guarantee from 80 % to 95 % of *market value* *Top-up loan to 80 % of *actual costs* (conditional) *Lifting residency requirement of empty houses (DK) (flexhousing) Other *Relocation of state institutions *Infrastructure constructions in rural areas *Liberalisation of general restrictions



Direct municipal role

Municipal role	Description
Planning - Reactive	*Adjusting local and municipal plans when applied for
Proactive	*Municipal housing plans to foresee future needs
	*Followed by buying and preparing areas for construction
Facilitation:	*Brooking the relation between actors with need for
Brooke demand/supply	construction and potential entrepreneurs- risk reducing.
Encourage norms of	*Encouraging activist groups in communities for local
community activism	development including housing – Nyköping/Stavsjö?
Financial role –	*Re-distribution of loans from state level
Direct loan/subsidy	*investment in demolishing houses
Indirect financial support	*Guarantees at different points of the construction process



Differentiated housing needs - Rentals

- Privat owned family houses dominant in rural areas
- Rental create new flexibility also in the rural areas

Time perspective	Social groups
Permanent tenants	*Elderly moving from own house - starting moving chains
Temporary – steppingstone	 *Housing for new inhabitants *Labour – for shorter or longer stay *Rural-interested new comers to learn about the place *Young families while saving for investing in own house



Frozen market – Still opportunities

Frozen market?

- Strong indications
- Housing influences development of the rural communities

Thawing measures

- State interventions at the supply and demand sides
- Municipalities and locals to create non-market values



Thank you



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